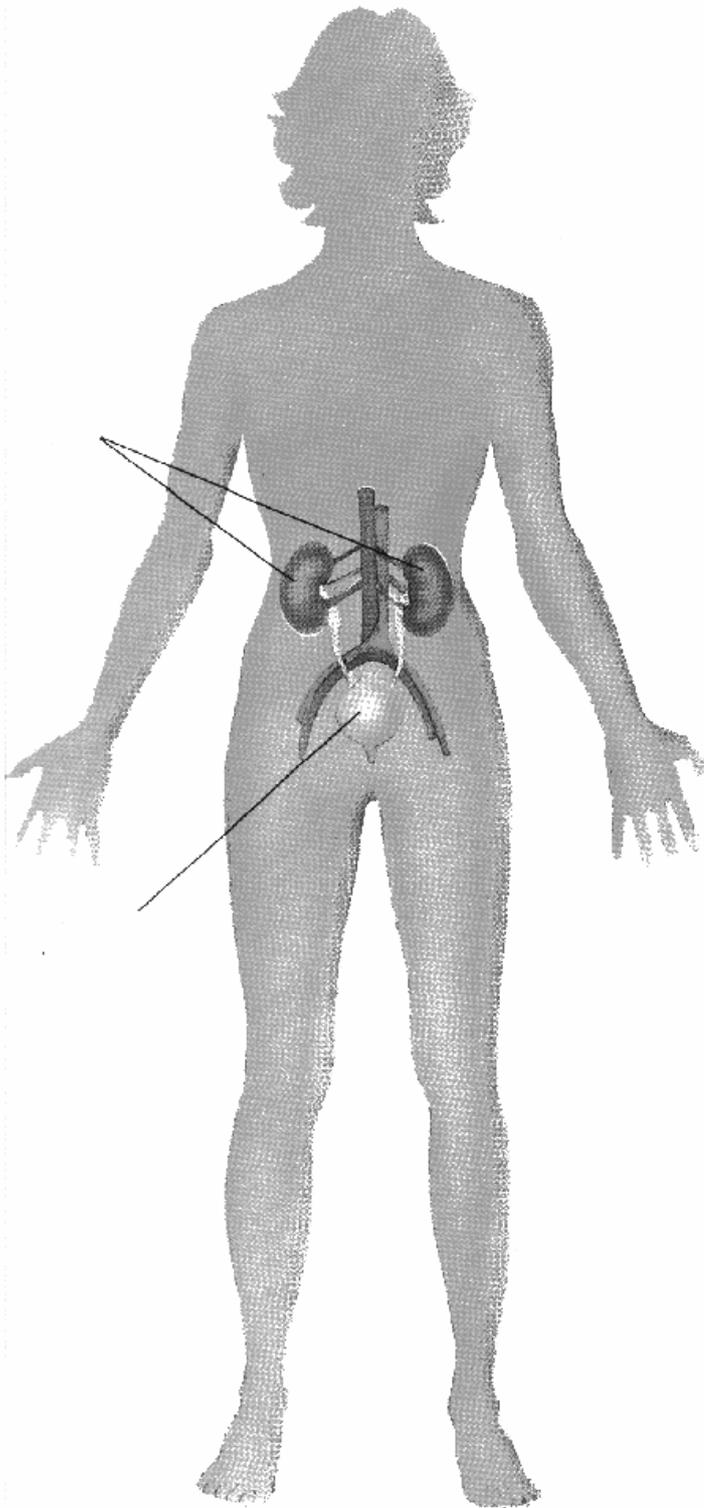
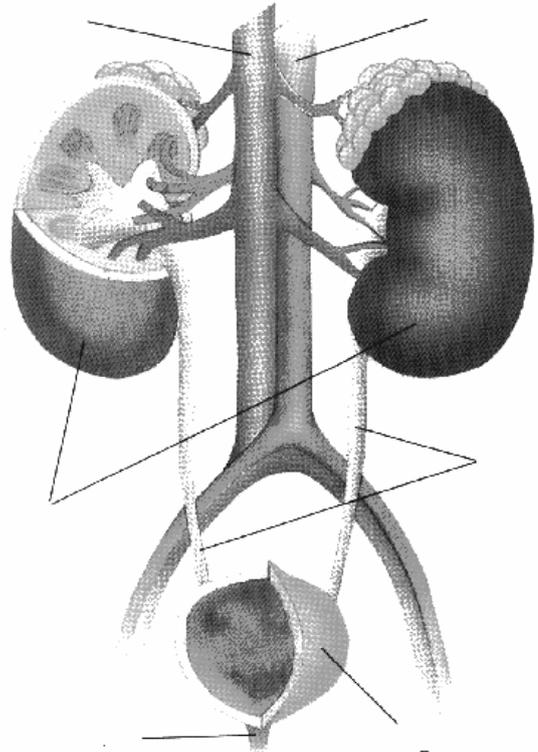


ÓRGANOS EXCRETORES

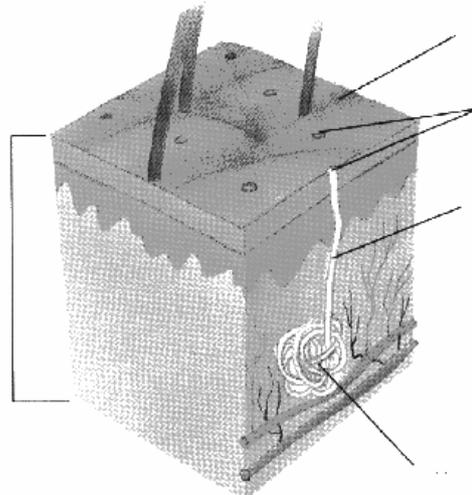
Ubicación del aparato excretor



El aparato excretor

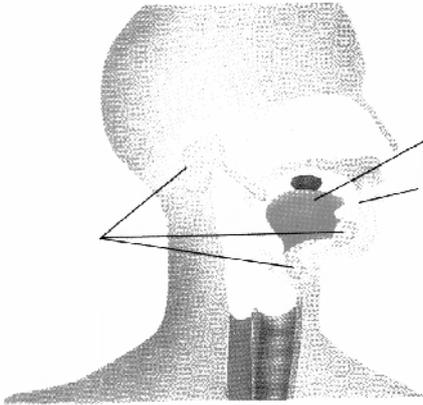


La piel y las glándulas sudoríparas

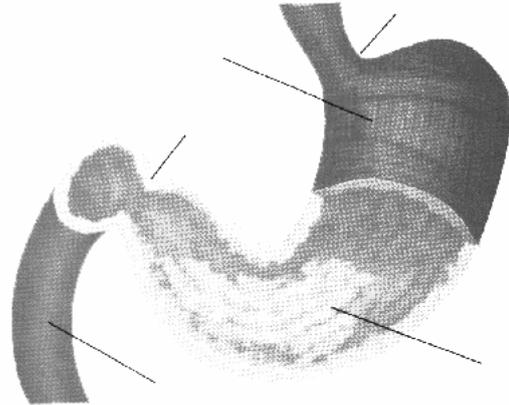


ETAPAS DEL PROCESO DIGESTIVO

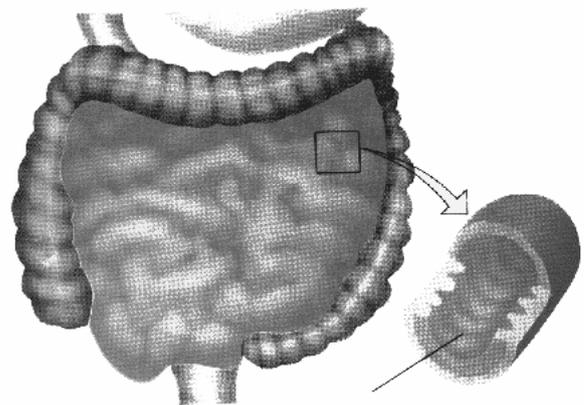
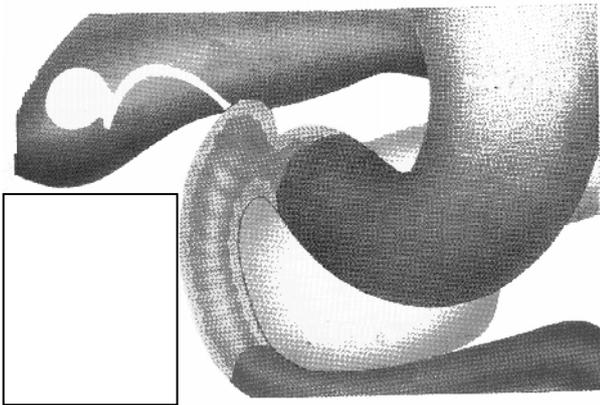
1.- Digestión en la boca



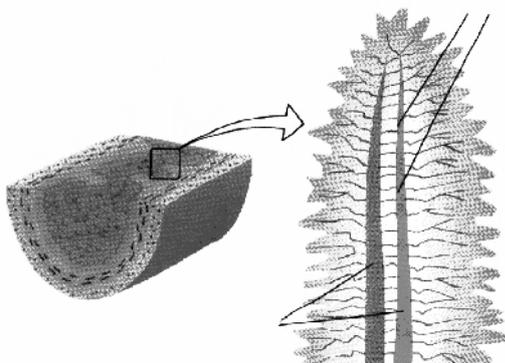
2.- Digestión en el estómago



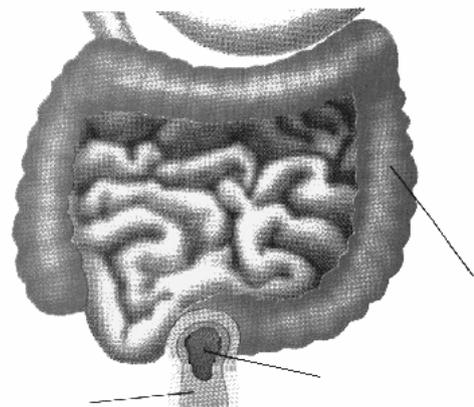
3.- Digestión en el intestino delgado



4.- Absorción de los alimentos



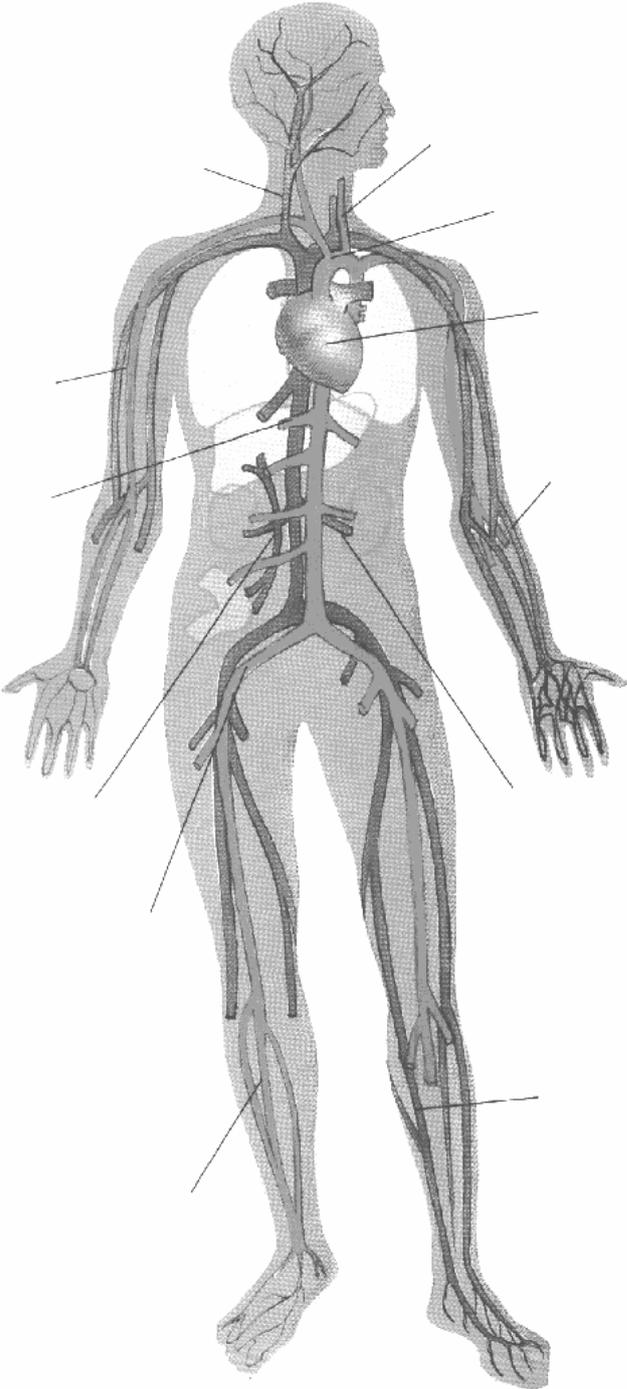
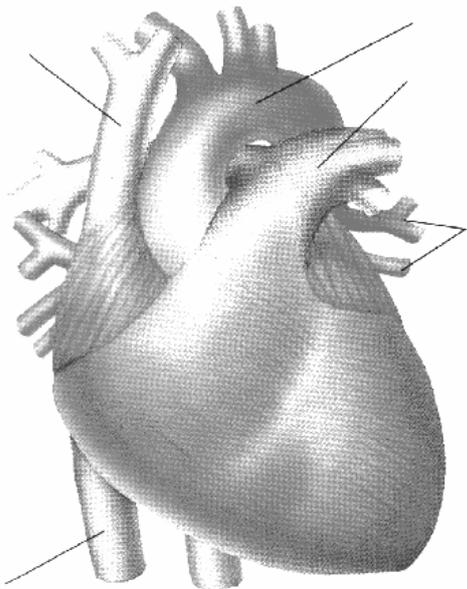
5.- Eliminación de los desechos



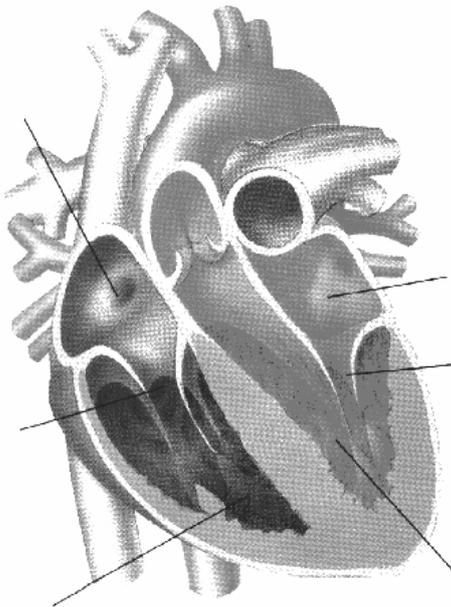
ÓRGANOS DEL APARATO CIRCULATORIO

El corazón por fuera

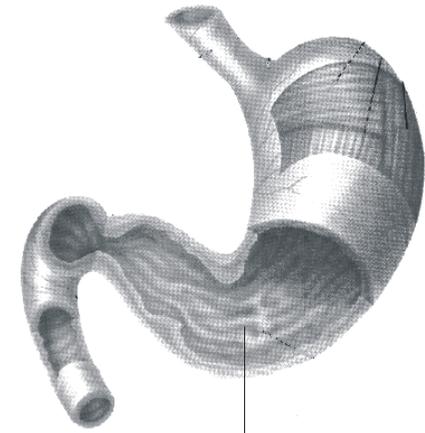
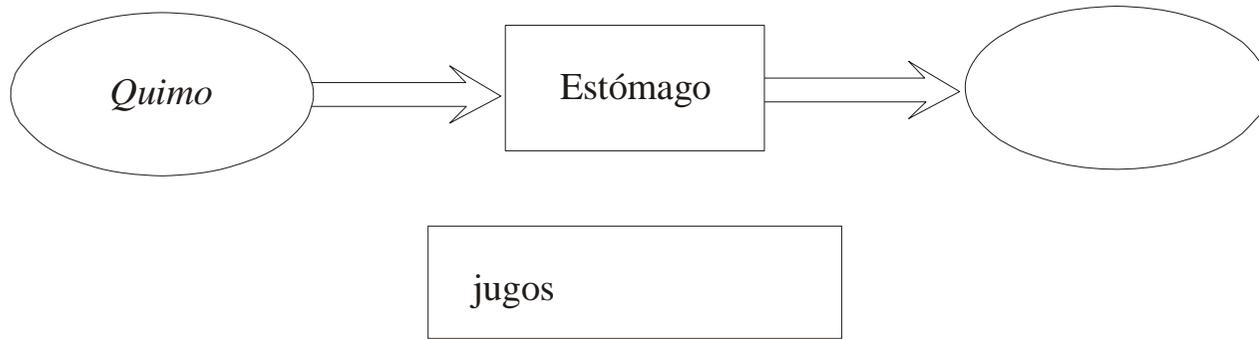
Principales venas y arterias



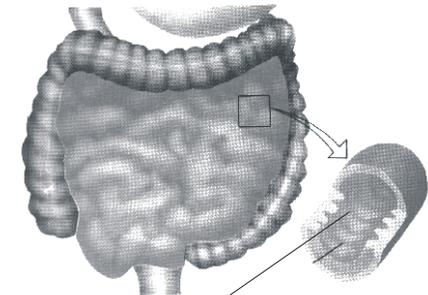
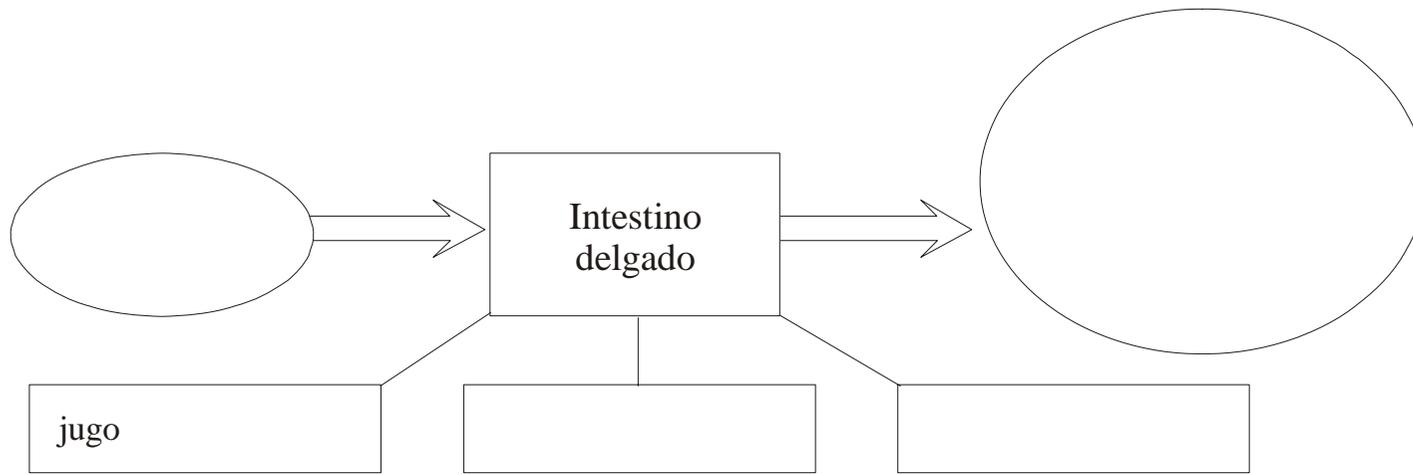
El corazón por dentro



Completa los esquemas.

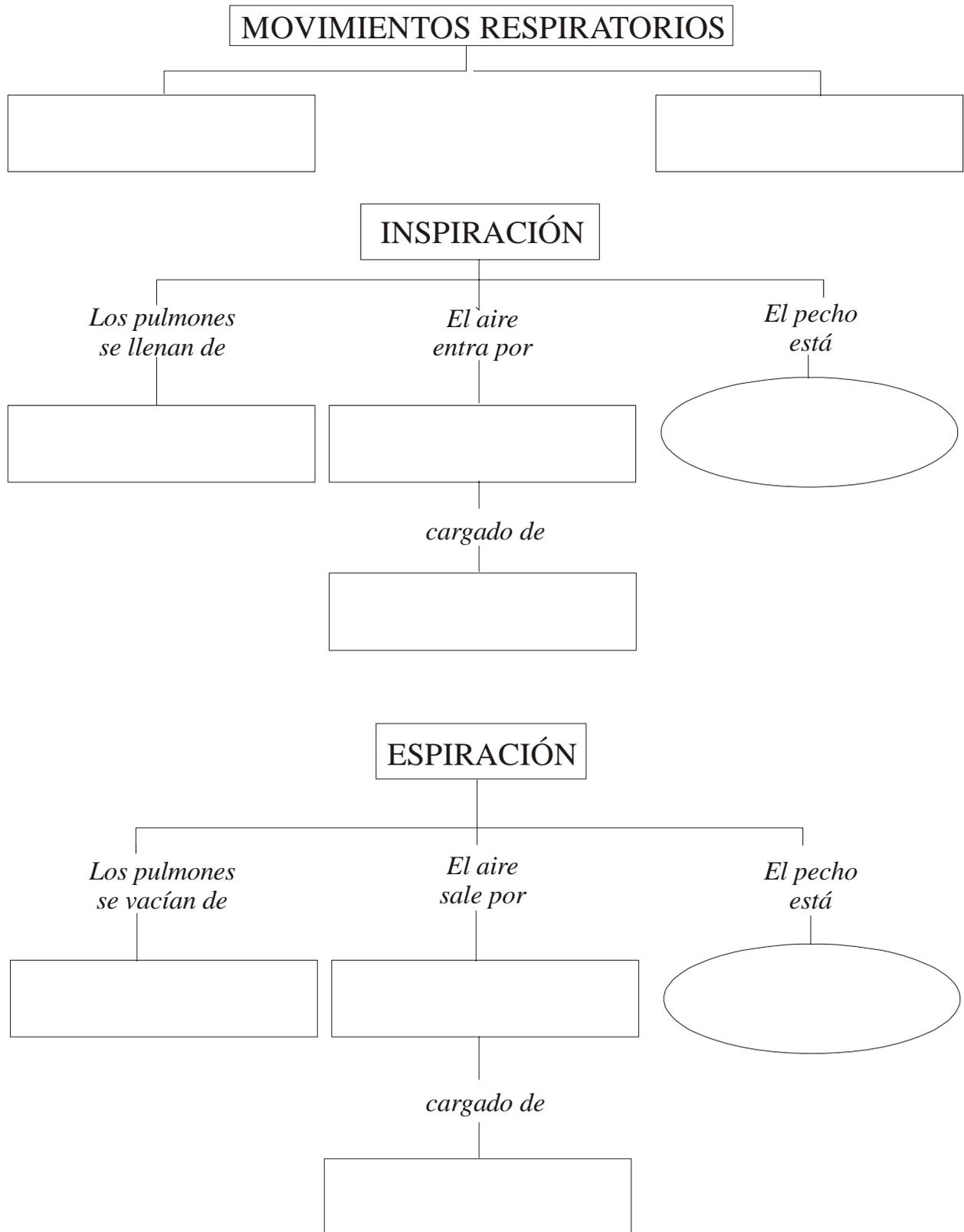


formación del

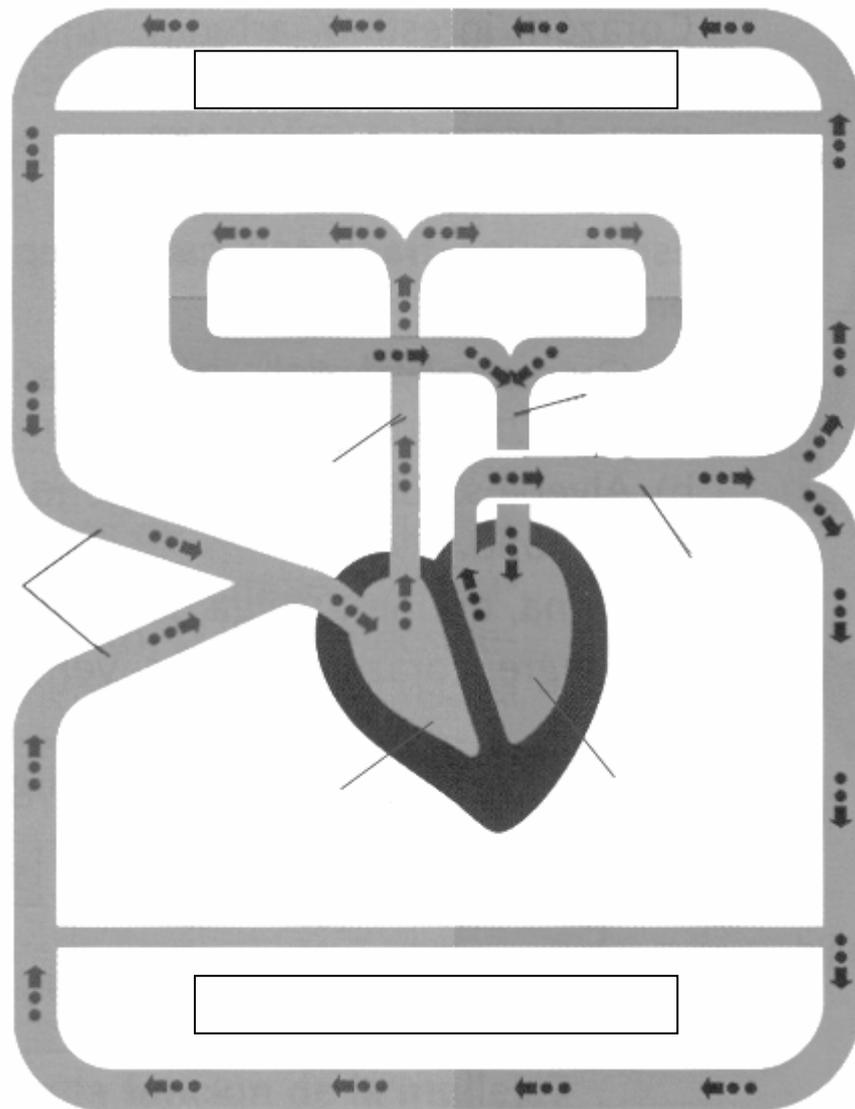


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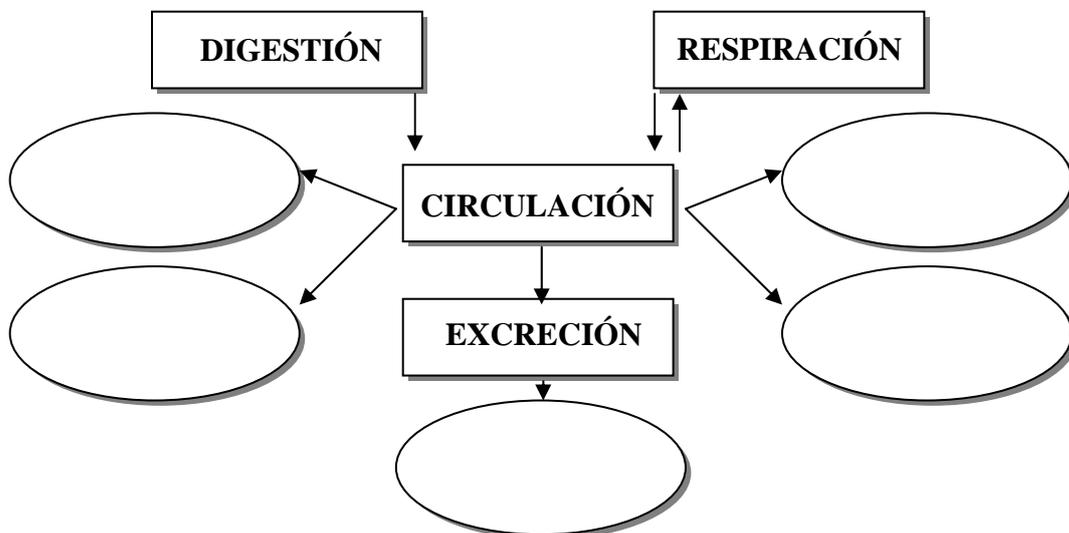
Completa el esquema.



ESQUEMA DE LA CIRCULACIÓN SANGUÍNEA

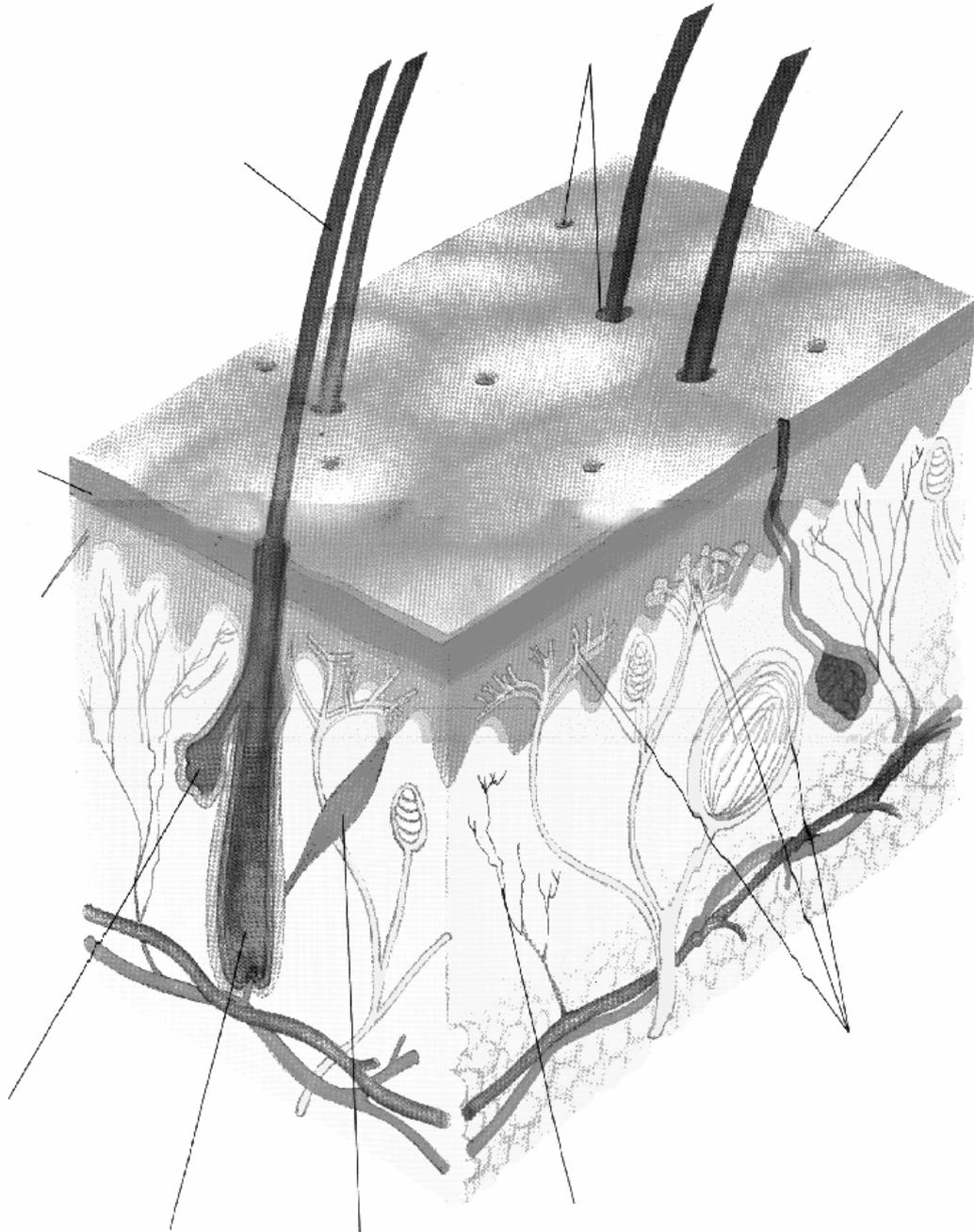


RELACIÓN ENTRE LA CIRCULACIÓN Y OTROS PROCESOS DE LA FUNCIÓN DE NUTRICIÓN



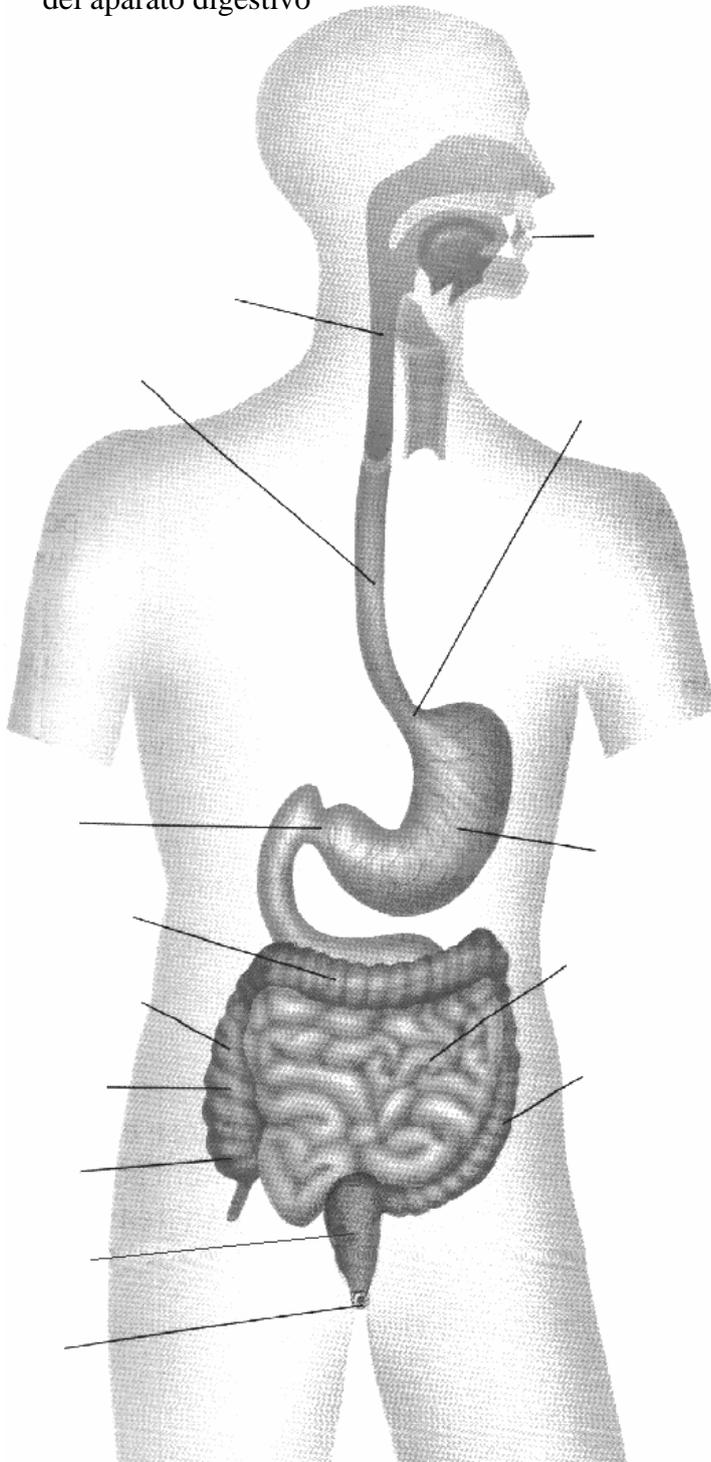
Esquema de un corte de la piel.

Colorea y rotula.

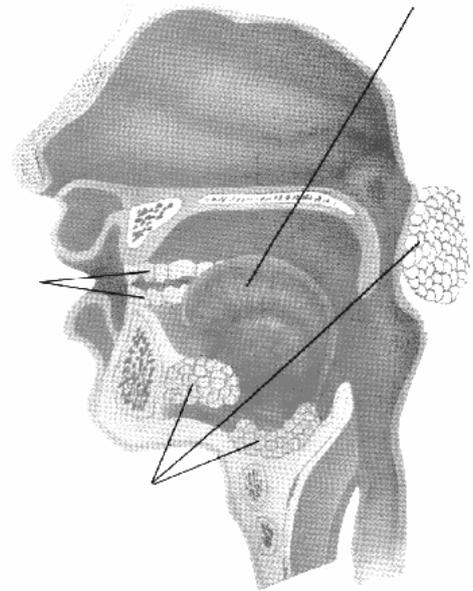


ÓRGANOS DEL APARATO DIGESTIVO

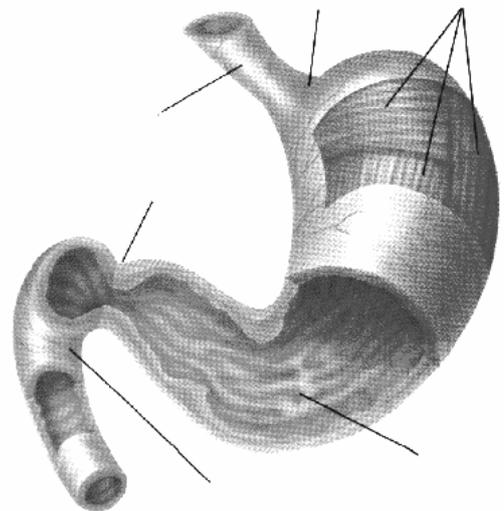
Principales órganos del aparato digestivo



La boca

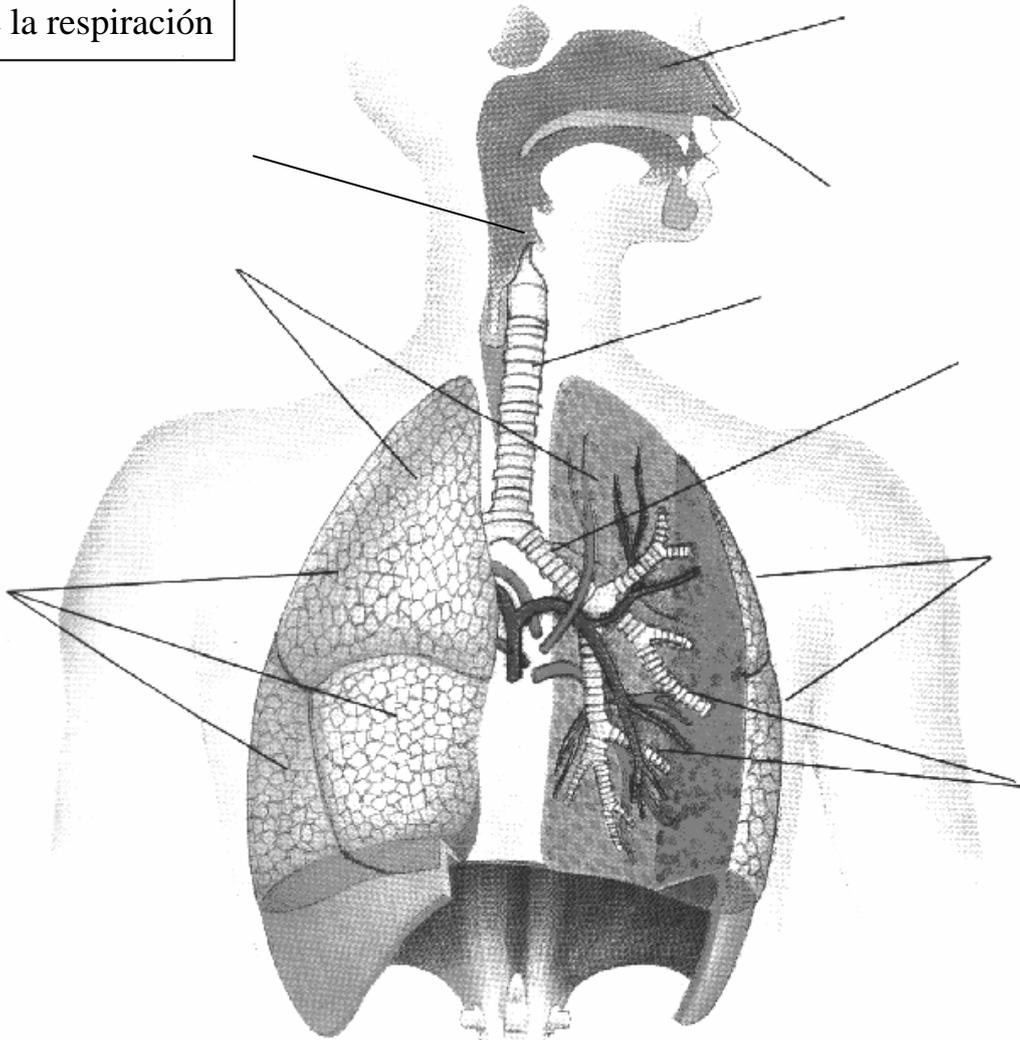


El estómago

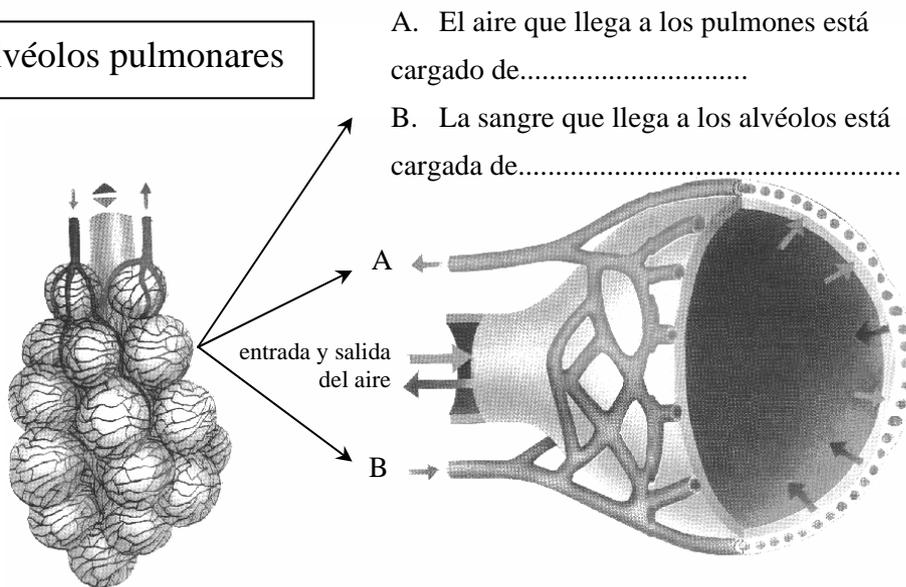


ÓRGANOS DEL APARATO RESPIRATORIO

Los órganos de la respiración



Los alvéolos pulmonares



A. El aire que llega a los pulmones está cargado de.....

B. La sangre que llega a los alvéolos está cargada de.....

entrada y salida del aire

A

B